# Alytes muletensis

Taxonomic Authority: (Sanchiz and Adrover, 1979 "1977") Synonyms:

Order: Anura

Notes on taxonomy:

# General Information

Biome

Geographic Range of species:

Terrestrial

Freshwater

Region:

Ferreret

Family:

10

**Common Names:** 

Mallorcan Midwife Toad

Marine

### Habitat and Ecology Information:

Discoglossidae

This species is restricted to the Sierra Tramuntana of northern Mallorca, Balearic Islands, Spain. The present altitudinal range is from 10 - 850m asl. The area of occurrence is 180 km2, the area of occupancy < 10 km2, but slowly increasing as a result of intensive conservation action.

#### **Conservation Measures:**

The species is protected by sub-national and national legislation. It is listed on Appendix II of the Berne Convention, listed on Annexes II and IV of the EU Natural Habitats Directive and on the national and subnational Red Data Books. It is present in the protected areas of the Tramuntana mountains. The Balearic Government and Jersev Wildlife Preservation Trust have undertaken captive breeding, re-introduction and other conservation initiatives. At least 10 populations have been successfully reintroduced. Re-introductions of animals from the Jersey Wildlife Preservation Trust stopped in 2002, but a new captivebreeding facility now exists on Mallorca, and re-introductions are expectede to resume. However, as a result of the recent discovery of diseases, a recommendation was been made in 2004 to the Balearic Government to halt re-introduction programme. A new recovery programme for the species is being developed. A systematic programme is in place to remove Natrix maura from the range of the species.

#### Species population information:

The population is approximately 500 to 1,500 adult pairs (Gasc et al., 1997; Arnold, 2002). There are approximately 25, mostly isolated, populations. The total population is slowly increasing following coordinated recovery efforts, following a long period of decline and near extinction. The current increase, which probably started around the time that the first re-introductions were made in 1989, has been made maintained even during years of drought, notably in 1999 - 2000. The population trends in this species are monitored through annual tadpole counts, the counts for 2004 (over 30,000 tadpoles) being the highest on record. The increase in numbers in established populations is not dependent upon continued re-introductions. However, it is unikely that new populations would be established without re-introductions. It is currently found only in small streams deeply carved into limestone mountains. The presence of the pscies is positively associated with steep slopes. Breeding takes place in the small streams that persist as pools in summer. A few populations occur by man-made water sources (cattle troughs, containers, rain tanks etc.) in open mountainous country; these are within the river basins of nearby canyon living populations. Animals are generally found in rock crevices and under stones. This species does not tolerate serious habitat degradation. The distribution of predators on the species is negatively associated with elevation, and reproductive success is positively associated with elevation.

Spanish

English

#### Threats:

The major threats are predation and competition for space by the introduced Viperine Snake (Natrix maura) and Perez's Frog (Rana perezi) respectively. Development of tourism and human settlements, specifically the increased need for water resources (including damming and canalisation of streams). The threats are not likely to decrease, and so the current recovery programme needs to be continued more or less indefinitely. One isolated re-introduced population was impacted by an unidentified non-fungal disease in 2002 which killed some tadpoles. This disease did not recur in 2003 and 2004.

Country Distribution Spain	Native - Presence Confirmed	Native - Presence Possible	Extinct	Reintroduced	Introduced	Vagrant	
FAO Marine Habitats	Native - Presence Confirmed	Native - Presence Possible	Extinct	Reintroduced	Introduced		

# Major Lakes

# **Major Rivers**

5.1	Wetlands (inland) - Permanent Rivers/Streams/Creeks (includes waterfalls)	1
5.18	Wetlands (inland) - Karst and Other Subterranean Hydrological Systems (inland)	1
11.2	Artificial/Terrestrial - Pastureland	1
12.1	Artificial/Aquatic - Water Storage Areas (over 8ha)	1

Major threats				Conservation Measures					
Code	Description of threat	Past	Present F	uture	Code	Conservation me	easures	In place	Needed
1	Habitat Loss/Degradation (human induced)	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1	Policy-based action	ons	$\checkmark$	
1.3	Extraction	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.1	Management plar	IS	$\checkmark$	
1.3.6	Groundwater extraction	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.2	Legislation		$\checkmark$	
1.4	Infrastructure development	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.2.1	Development		$\checkmark$	
1.4.1	Industry	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.2.1.	1 International level		$\checkmark$	
1.4.2	Human settlement	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.2.1.2	2 National level		$\checkmark$	
1.4.6	Dams	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.2.1.3	3 Sub-national leve	l	$\checkmark$	
2	Invasive alien species (directly affecting the species)	✓	$\checkmark$	✓	1.2.2 1.2.2	Implementation 1 International level			
2.2	Predators	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1223	2 National level		<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	
7	Natural disasters	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	1.2.2.3	3 Sub-national leve	I		
7.1	Drought	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2	Communication a	nd Education	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>	
8	Changes in native species dynamics	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	2.2	Awareness			
8.5	Pathogens/parasites	✓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	3	Research actions			
9	Intrinsic factors	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	✓	3.1	Taxonomy			
9.7	Slow growth rates	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	3.2	Population number	ers and range		
9.9	Restricted range	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	3.3	Biology and Ecolo	ypy		
					3.4	Habitat status		$\checkmark$	
					3.5	Threats		$\checkmark$	
					3.8	Conservation mea	asures	$\checkmark$	
					3.9	Trends/Monitoring	]	$\checkmark$	
					4	Habitat and site-b	ased actions	$\checkmark$	
					4.1	Maintenance/Con	servation	$\checkmark$	
					4.2	Restoration		$\checkmark$	
					4.4	Protected areas		$\checkmark$	
					4.4.1	Identification of ne	ew protected areas	$\checkmark$	
					4.4.3	Management		$\checkmark$	
					5	Species-based ac	tions	$\checkmark$	
					5.1	Re-introductions		$\checkmark$	
					5.4	Recovery manage	ement	$\checkmark$	
					5.7	Ex situ conservati	on actions	$\checkmark$	
					5.7.1	Captive breeding/	Artificial propagation	$\checkmark$	
Utilisat	tion of Species								
Purpos	se/Type of Use	Sub	sistence	Ν	lationa	International	Other purpose:		
Primar	y forms removed from the wild 10	0%	>75%	51·	-75%	26-50% <25%	Other forms removed f	rom the w	ild:
Source	Source of specimens in commercial trade 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:								
Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:									
Trend i CITES:	Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:         CITES:       Not listed								
Red L	_isting								

Red List Assessment: Vulnerable (VU)	Possibly Extinct
Red List Criteria: D2	
Rationale for the Red List Assessment:	Listed as Vulnerable because it is known from fewer than five locations, and its Area of Occupancy is less than 20 km2.
Current Population Trend: Increasing	Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004
Assessor(s): Joan Mayol Serra, Richard	Griffiths, Jaime Bosch, Trevor Beebee, Benedikt Schmidt, Miguel Tejedo, Miguel Lizana, Iñigo Martín
Notes on Red listing: The population of	this species is slowly increasing through intensive conservation efforts.

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