Speleomantes italicus Taxonomic Authority: (Dunn, 1923)					Regior	ı: 10			
Synonyms:					Comm	on Names	s:		
					geotrito	ne italiano)	Italian	
					Italian	Cave Sala	mander	English	
Order: Caudata					Family	: Plet	hodontidae		
Notes on taxonomy:					-				
General Information									
Biome	✓ Terrest	rial		☐ Fr	reshwat	er	☐ Mar	ine	
Geographic Range of species:					Habita	t and Eco	logy Informa	ation:	
The species is a northern and central Apethe provinces of Reggio Emilia (Emilia-Rosouthwards to the province of Pescara in 1997). The species occurs from sea level 2,430m asl.	omagna) and clusive (Abru	l Lucca ızzi) (G	(Tusc Sasc, e	any) t al.	foreste species eggs.	d areas in s reproduc	the vicinity o	f streams, often ir	os, caves, crevices, and n limestone areas. It nent of a few terrestrial
Conservation Measures:					Threat				
The species is listed on Appendix II of the Annex IV of the EU Natural Habitats Directly species is present in any protected areas	ctive. It is no				habitat		, these threat		eral localised loss of it is not believed to be
Species population information:									
It is common over much of its range, althorabundant in the southern-most part of its of any population decline taking place in	range. There	e is no							
Country Distribution	Native - Presence Confirmed	Pres	ive - ence sible	Extir	nct Rei	ntroduced	Introduced	Vagrant	
Italy	✓		ii		a				
y	•								
FAO Marine Habitats	Native - Presence Confirmed	Pres	tive - sence ssible	Exti	nct Re	introduced	Introduced		
Major Lakes									
<u>Major Rivers</u>									
Upper Level Habitat Preference	es_		S	core	Lowe	r Level	Habitat P	references	Score
1.4 Forest - Temperate				1	Cool B	roadleaf F	orest		1
6 Rocky areas (eg. inland cliffs, mour	ntain peaks)			1	Decidu	ous Broad	lleaf Wood		1
7.1 Caves and Subterranean Habitats (1		and Field			1
7.2 Caves and Subterranean Habitats (Subterranean Habitats	non-aquatic) - Othe	er	1	Mixed				1
Subterraireair Flabitats					Small	_eaf Mixed	Woods		1
Major threats					Cons	ervation	n Measure	25	
Code Description of threat	ı	Past Pr	esent F	Future			ation measu		In place Needed
1 Habitat Loss/Degradation (huma		✓	✓	✓	1		sed actions	163	₩ ■
1.1 Agriculture	ii iiiddcca)	<u></u>	✓	V	1.2	Legislatio			
1.1.1 Crops			V	V	1.2.1	Developm			
1.1.1.2 Small-holder farming			V	V		Internatio			
1.4 Infrastructure development		<u> </u>	✓	V	1.2.2	Implemen			
1.4.2 Human settlement			V	V		Internatio			
1.4.3 Tourism/recreation		✓	✓	✓	3	Research	actions		
9 Intrinsic factors		✓	✓	✓	3.2	Populatio	n numbers a	nd range	
9.2 Poor recruitment/reproduction/re	generation	✓	✓	✓	3.4	Habitat st		-	
9.9 Restricted range		✓	✓	✓	3.5	Threats			
					3.8	Conserva	tion measure	es	
					3.9	Trends/M	onitoring		
					4	Habitat ar	nd site-based	actions	

4.1	Maintenance/Conservation	✓
4.4	Protected areas	~
4.4.1	Identification of new protected areas	✓

Utilisation of Species

Purpose/Type of Use Subsistence National International Other purpose:

Primary forms removed from the wild 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other forms removed from the wild:

Source of specimens in commercial trade 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

CITES: Not listed

Red Listing

Red List Assessment: Near Threatened (NT) Possibly Extinct

Red List Criteria:

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Near Threatened since although its Extent of Occurrence is probably less than 20,000 km2

and its habitat might be declining, thus making the species close to qualifying for Vulnerable, it probably occurs in more than ten locations, and its range is probably not severely fragmented.

Current Population Trend: Stable Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004

Assessor(s): Franco Andreone, Paul Edgar, Claudia Corti

Notes on Red listing:

Bibliography

Arnold, E.N., 2003, , , Reptiles and amphibians of Europe, , , 288, Princeton University Press,

Nascetti, G., Cimmaruta, R., Lanza, B. and Bullini, L., 1996, Molecular taxonomy of European Plethodontid Salamanders (Genus Hydromantes), Journal of Herpetology, , , 30(2), 161-183, ,

Nardi, I., 1991, Cytogenetics of the European plethodontid salamanders, genus Hydromantes, , Amphibian cytogenetics and evolution, Green, D.M. and Sessions, S.K., , 131-156, Academic Press, San Diego

Thorn, R., 1968, Les Salamandres d'Europe, d'Asia, et d'Afrique du Nord, , , , , 376 pp, Éditions Paul Lechevalier, Paris

Lanza, B. and Corti, C., 1993, Erpetofauna Italiana 'Aquisizioni' ed estinzioni nel corso del Novecento, Suppl. Ric. Biol. Selvaggina, , , 21, 5-49, ,

Lanza, B., Nascetti, G. and Bullini, L., 1986, A new species of Hydromantes from eastern Sardinia and its genetic relationships with the other Sardinian plethodontids (Amphibia: Urodela), Bollettino del Museo Regionale di Scienze Naturali - Torino, , , 4, 261-269, ,

, 1997, , , Atlas of Amphibians and Reptiles in Europe, Gasc, J.-P., , 494, Societas Europea Herpetologica & Museum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris

Lanza, B. and Vanni, S., 1981, On the biogeography of plethodontid salamanders (Amphibia, Caudata), with a description of a new genus, Monitore Zoologico Italiano N.S., , , 15, 117-121, ,

Anon., 1997, Opinion 1866. Hydromantes Gistel, 1848 (Amphibia, Caudata): Spelerpes platycephalus Camp, 1916 designated as the type species, Bulletin of Zoological Nomenclature, , , 54, 72-74, ,

Griffiths, R.A., 1996, , , Newts and Salamanders of Europe, , , 188 pp, Poyser Natural History, London

Böhme, W, Grossenbacher, K. and Thiesmeier, B., 1999, , Handbuch der Reptilien und Amphibien Europas, band 4/l:Schwanzlurche (Urodela)., , , , , Aula-Verlag, Wiesbaden, Germany.