Gallotia interme	<u>∌dia</u>		Region: 1			
Taxonomic Authority:	Barbadillo, Lacomba, Pêre					
Synonyms:	Sancho and López-Jurado), 1999	Common Names:			
			Tenerife Speckled Lizard English			
			Lagarto Canario Moteado Spanish			
Order: Sauria			Family: Lacertidae			
Notes on taxonomy:	This species is described	by Hernandez et al	. (2000), but the name first appeared in Barrbadill	o et al. (1999).		
			<u> </u>			
General Informatio	_		Frankrich			
Biome	✓ Terres	striai	Freshwater Marine			
extreme northwest of Tel is now know from a smal island, and also from Mo	pecies: ered in 1996 in the Macizo of nerife island, in the Canary I I area of coastline in the extratana de Guaza in the extres was once widespread through	Islands (Spain). It treme west of the teme south. It is	Habitat and Ecology Information: This species inhabits rugged terrain, with rock found on small rock ledges with sparse vegeta presumed to have once occurred in a variety of Tenerife. The species is largely herbivorous. It	ition. The species is of habitats across		
Conservation Measures			Threats:			
populations, such as fendaction plan has been devexist in other inaccessiblurgently needed. It occur	ess by cats to some of the recing, have been implemented to this species. The parts of Tenerife, more fiers in at least one protected as a symptom.	ed. A recovery e species may still eld surveys are	The main threat to this species is predation by lesser degree, by rats. It is presumed that the species was largely due to predation by cats. Spopulations, consisting of a few individuals, materials of inbreeding.	historical decline in this Several of the smaller		
Species population info	pulations along 9 km of coa	etline totaling 500				
animals. The population	at Montana de Guaza is arc It of control of introduced ma	ound 100 animals.				
	Native -	Native -		•		
	Presence		tinct Reintroduced Introduced Vagrant			
Country Distribution						
Spain	✓					
FAO Marine Habita Major Lakes Major Rivers	Native - Presence Confirme		ctinct Reintroduced Introduced			
Upper Level Habita	at Preferences	Score	Lower Level Habitat Preferences	Score		
3.4 Shrubland - Tempe		1				
•	nland cliffs, mountain peaks)) 1				
	Shores (includes rocky offsh	ore islands 1				
and sea cliffs)						
Major threats			Conservation Measures			
Code Description of t	threat	Past Present Futur	e Code Conservation measures	In place Needed		
•	pecies (directly affecting the		1 Policy-based actions			
species)	, ,		1.1 Management plans	V		
2.2 Predators			1.1.1 Development			
9 Intrinsic factors	ı		1.2 Legislation			
9.1 Limited dispersa9.2 Poor recruitment	ıı t/reproduction/regeneration		1.2.1 Development			
9.4 Inbreeding	viehi oducijoji viedelje i siloti		1.2.1.1 International level			
9.7 Slow growth rate	es		1.2.2 Implementation			
9.9 Restricted range			1.2.2.1 International level			
			2 Communication and Education			
			2.2 Awareness3 Research actions			
			3.2 Population numbers and range			

3.3	Biology and Ecology		✓
3.4	Habitat status	✓	✓
3.5	Threats		✓
3.8	Conservation measures	✓	✓
3.9	Trends/Monitoring	✓	✓
4	Habitat and site-based actions	✓	✓
4.1	Maintenance/Conservation	✓	
4.4	Protected areas	✓	✓
4.4.1	Identification of new protected areas		✓
4.4.2	Establishment	✓	✓
4.4.3	Management	✓	✓
5	Species-based actions	✓	✓
5.4	Recovery management	✓	✓

Utilisation of Species

Purpose/Type of Use Subsistence National International Other purpose:

Primary forms removed from the wild 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other forms removed from the wild:

Source of specimens in commercial trade 100% >75% 51-75% 26-50% <25% Other source of specimens:

Trend in wild offtake/harvest in relation to total wild population numbers over last five years:

Trend in offtake/harvest produced through domestication/cultivation over last five years:

CITES:

Red Listing

Red List Criteria: B1ab(v)+2ab(v)

Rationale for the Red List Assessment: Listed as Critically Endangered because its Extent of Occurrence is less than 100 km2 and its Area

Of Occupancy is less than 10km2, its distribution is severely fragmented, and although it is no longer experiencing a continuing population decline, it has only been increasing since 2001.

Current Population Trend: Increasing Date of Assessment: 12/17/2004

Assessor(s): Jose Antonio Mateo Miras, Valentin Pérez-Mellado

Notes on Red listing:

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